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Regional Chief, Infectious Diseases, KP Southern California 9/9/24

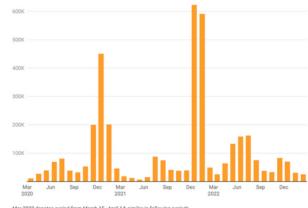
- COVID (SARS-CoV-2): novel agent first seen in late 2019 in China
- Quickly spread worldwide with catastrophic impacts
- Spring of 2020 saw initial wave of patients
 - Northeastern US hit hardest
 - Early predictor for how many waves would hit in the future
- Blunted due to governmental interventions
 - 'Safer at Home' program
 - School closures/work from home
 - Mask mandates

- Fall and winter of 2020 COVID wave hit the West Coast
 - Delta variant became predominant over original strain
- Unprecedented levels of people admitted with COVID
 - LA County averaged 15,000 daily cases in early January 2021
 - ~6500 Angelenos died in January 2021, alone
- Hospitals strained to the limit
 - Inpatients at KP hospitals almost exclusively COVID +
 - Oxygen reserves teetered on edge of collapse
 - Physicians utilizing novel treatments via study protocols
 - Huge impact on all healthcare workers from mortality levels

- First COVID vaccine approved on 12/11/2020
 - Changed the face of the pandemic
 - mRNA vaccine (Pfizer) followed by other protein-based vaccines
 - Unprecedented demand
- KP set up a massive vaccination program for our members
 - Huge outdoor areas set up to ensure ease of access for all who qualified
- LA County did the same with good effect
 - ~85% of LA County residents have received at least initial vaccination!

- Spring 2021, we saw the impact of COVID vaccine with decreased case numbers
- KP inpatient cases dropped as did mortality rates
 - Clear pathways to treat patients emerged: -> remdesivir
- Arrival of Omicron, Thanksgiving 2021
- Omicron highly infectious
 - Testing challenging
 - Overwhelming number of cases, but more on the outpatient side
 - Total deaths still very high, but less/capita compared to previous

COVID-19 cases by month in L.A. County



Mar 2020 denotes period from March 15-April 14; similar in following periods

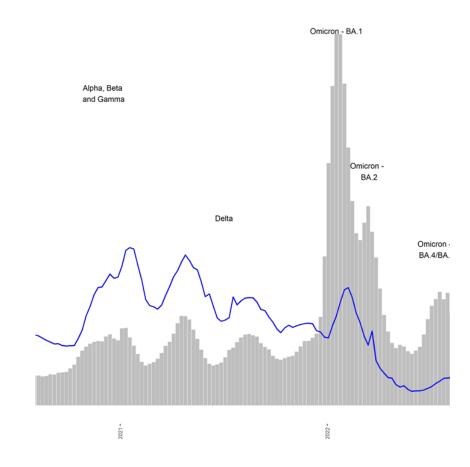
Source: Los Angeles County Department of Public Health - Created with Datawrappe



- Late 2021 saw the approval of Paxlovid
 - First effective oral treatment for COVID
- Changes in public perception of COVID
 - More resistance to masking -> indoor mask mandate rescinded in LA
- Case numbers of COVID decreased as we moved into 2022-2023
 - Desire to return to 'normal'
- KP and LA County worked to navigate this challenging time
 - Political pressures
- Wastewater as proxy for cases

COVID: Where we were and where we are

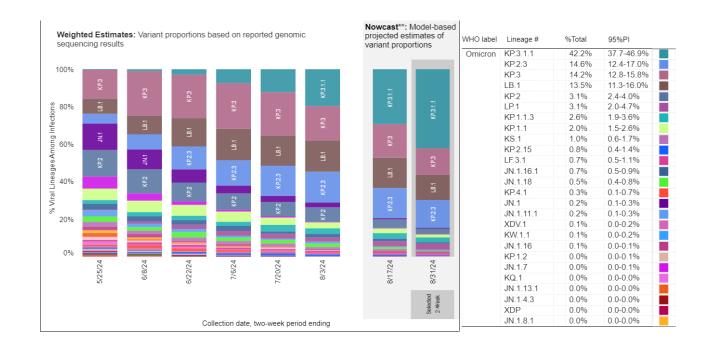
- Since the arrival of Omicron, variants causing infection are derived from it
 - Mutations have led to these subvariants: -> infectiousness varies
- Vaccines, natural immunity and robust treatments are why we see much less mortality



COVID: Where we are now

Summer of 2024:

- Emergence of 'FLiRT', 'FLuQE' and 'deFLuQE' variants
 - KP.2 and now KP.3.1.1
- Largest summer wave since 2022
- Primarily outpatient cases



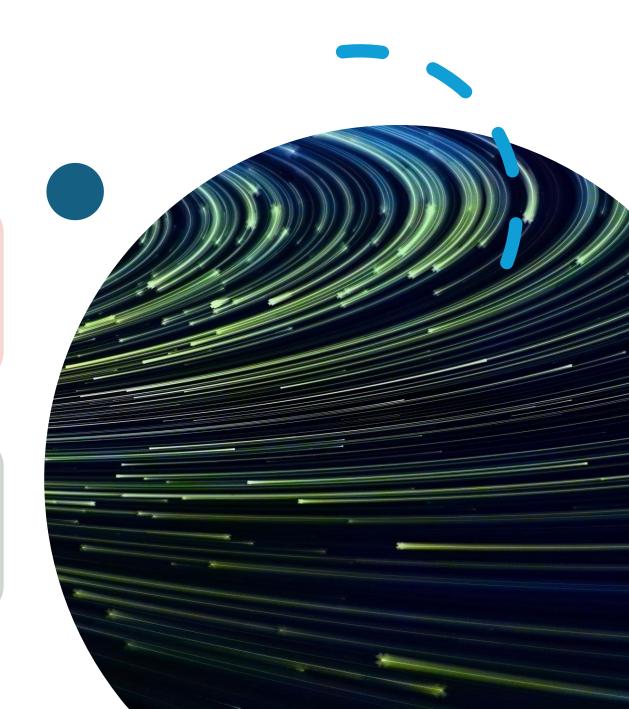
COVID: Where we are now and where we're going

New COVID vaccine available

- mRNA and protein-derived versions
- Slightly different coverages (KP.2 vs JN.1)
- Implementing could help to lessen impact of wave

Winter forecast for COVID

- XEC variant
- COVID, Flu, RSV



COVID: Lessons learned

- Interconnection risks and benefits
- LA County public health policies saved lives
 - Masking and vaccine mandates
- KP lessons learned around operations, patient management
 - ID physician's role
- COVID is not going away anytime soon
 - Less mortality, but still present => could change in the future with newer variant
 - Long COVID: 7% of all US Adults

Questions?

